Industrial Electronics

(CAR)

Control, Automation and Robotics



(LAR) Laboratory of Automation and Robotics



NEW THRUST ON MINHO TEAM











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MINHO TEAM



Fernando Ribeiro



Team Leader
RoboCup Trustee

Gil Lopes



Team Leader Chief Engineering





MINHO TEAM

Hélder Ribeiro



Artificial Intelligence,
Tactics & Strategy

Pedro Osório



Vision & Calibration
3D ball Recognition/Goalkeeper

Tiago Maia



Motion Dynamics Motion Planning

André Gomes



Power electronics
Hardware

Ricardo Roriz



RTDB Communications

Nuno Ferreira



Ball Reception Mechanism Mechanical Engineering





Evolution of Minho Team

- Started in 1997
- Participations in RoboCup events from 1997-2011
- New set of students in 2014, mainly rebuilding the robots
- Aiming to participate in RoboCup'2016











MINHO TEAM ROBOT







HEAD

BFLY-PGE-13S2C-CS



Lens





Curved Mirror



9 Degrees of Freedom - IMU









BASE LAYER ONE

12,6 V 4400mAh LiFe Battery





OMNI 3MD
Omni-directional
Motor
Controller





BASE LAYER TWO



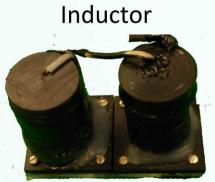
Kick Capacitors



Charge/Discharge Capacitors



Kick Inductor





Hardware Controller Box



Sonar Ball Detector











Kick's Type Inductor





Power Box

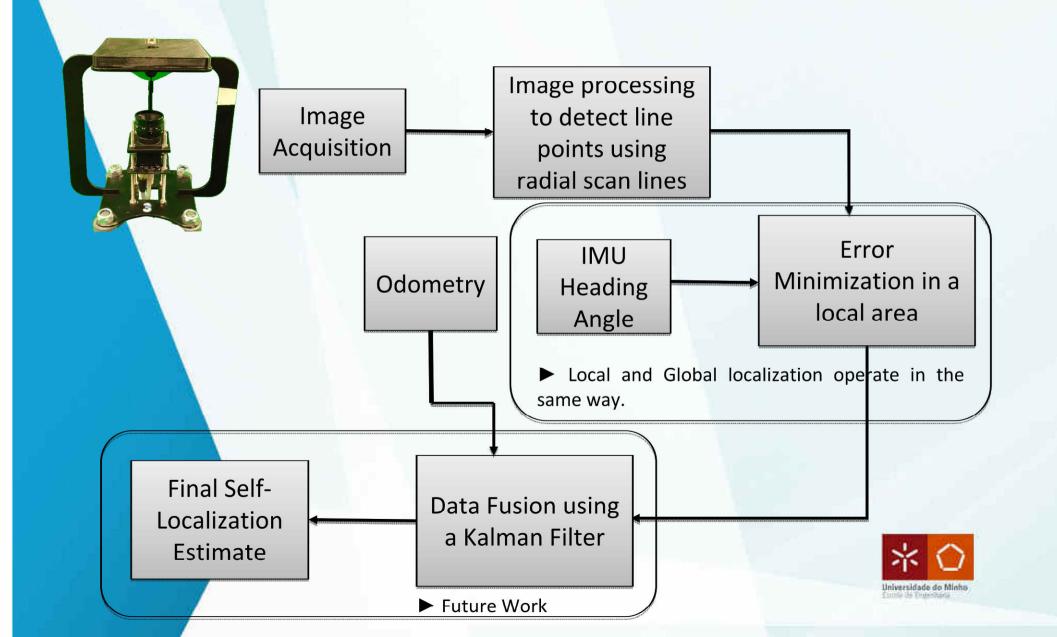
Mini-PC







LOCALIZATION



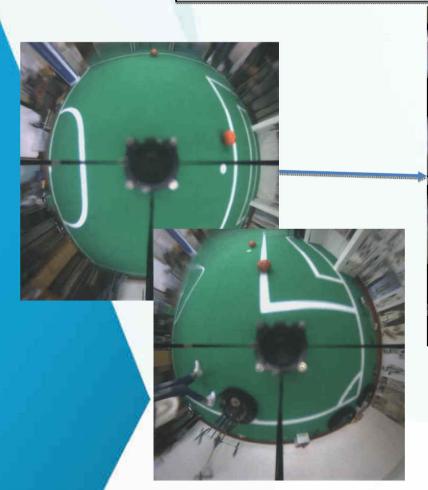


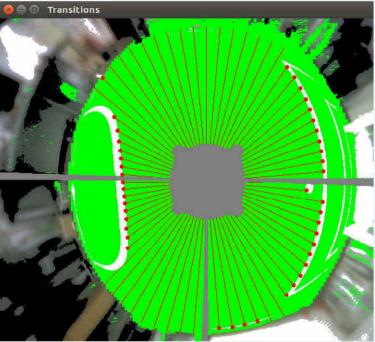
LOCALIZATION



Image Segmentation/Scan Lines Segmentation

Field-Line Transitions Detect Line Points









POSE ESTIMATION



PROCEDURE:

- •72 radial scan lines, one each 5º.
- Pre-generated file with the closest line point in every 72 directions.
- Detect line points using the scan lines.
- •Compare the detected line points with the pre-generated ones to find the least error.
- •Locally or Globally, what changes is the range of comparison with the pregenerated "Field-Map" file.
- Obtain data from odometry.



PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS



Problems Experienced:

- •Without the Kalman Filter, the vision estimator produces erroneous "jumps".
- •Exterior light interference, causing "false-positives" in line point detection.
- •Bad calibration of image segmentation and image-to-world distance mapping, produce large errors in the estimate.



PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS



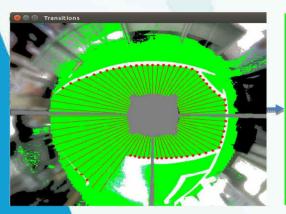
Future Solutions:

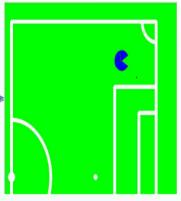
- •Use odometry and a Kalman filter, to filter out jumps and smooth the pose estimate.
- •Better calibration of the camera itself and catadioptric mirror improvement.
- •Create a software to calibrate image-to-world distance mapping and image segmentation algorithms and values.
- Adaptation of "Calculating the Perfect Match" by Brainstormers Tribot.

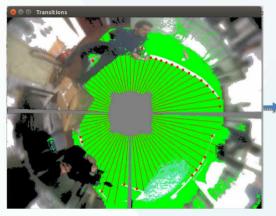


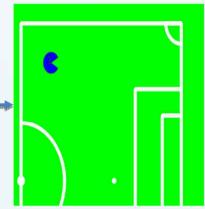
SELF-LOCALIZATION EXAMPLES

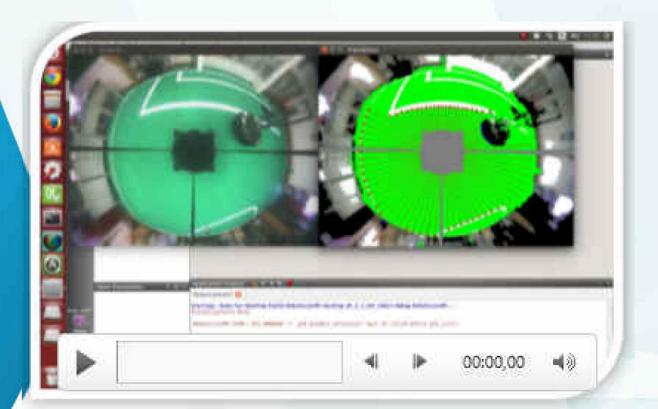














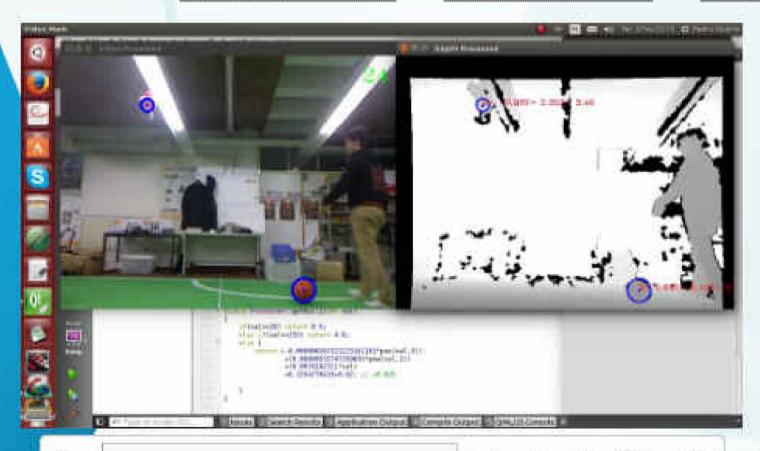
3D Ball Recognition using Kinect



Image Acquisition Image processing to detect ball candidates

Filter candidates using geometric relationships

Use 3D image to obtain ball's 3D coordinates











Future Work in Goalkeeping



- Better filtering in the candidates list using more morphological comparisons.
- Use of a Kalman Filter to predict ball movement and produce
 a future estimate of where the ball will cross the goal-line.







- Active goalkeeping based on human goalkeepers positioning and game-sense.
- Build of goalkeeping structure, as in this stage, we don't have any.



Questions?





Thank you for your attention

